



Nasirat Study Guide

Age 14

Term 1

Holy Quran

Memorize Surah Al-Qar'iah

[101:1] In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.	بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ١
[101:2] The great Calamity!	الْقَارِعَةُ ٢
[101:3] What is the great Calamity?	مَا الْقَارِعَةُ ٣
[101:4] And what should make thee know what the great Calamity is?	وَمَا أَذْرِكَ مَا الْقَارِعَةُ ٤
[101:5] The day when mankind will be like scattered moths,	يَوْمَ يَكُونُ النَّاسُ كَالْفَرَاشِ الْمَبْثُوثِ ٥
[101:6] And the mountains will be like carded wool.	وَتَكُونُ الْجِبَالُ كَالْعِهْنِ الْمَنْفُوشِ ٦
[101:7] Then, as for him whose scales are heavy,	فَأَمَّا مَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ ٧
[101:8] He will have a pleasant life.	فَهُوَ فِي عِيشَةٍ رَاضِيَةٍ ٨
[101:9] But as for him whose scales are light,	وَأَمَّا مَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِينُهُ ٩
[101:10] Hell will be his nursing mother.	فَأُمُّهُ هَاوِيَةٌ ١٠

Holy Quran

Memorize Surah Al Takathur

[102:1] In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.	بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ①
[102:2] Mutual rivalry in seeking worldly increase diverts you from God	أَلْهَكُمْ التَّكَاثُرُ ②
[102:3] Till you reach the graves.	حَتَّى زُرْتُمُ الْمَقَابِرَ ③
[102:4] Nay! you will soon come to know.	كَلَّا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ④
[102:5] Nay again! you will soon come to know.	ثُمَّ كَلَّا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ⑤
[102:6] Nay! if you only knew with certain knowledge,	كَلَّا لَوْ تَعْلَمُونَ عِلْمَ الْيَقِينِ ⑥
[102:7] You will surely see Hell in this very life.	لَتَرَوُنَّ الْجَحِيمَ ⑦
[102:8] Aye, you will surely see it with the eye of certainty.	ثُمَّ لَتَرَوُنَّهَا عَيْنَ الْيَقِينِ ⑧
[102:9] Then, on that day you shall be called to account about the worldly favours.	ثُمَّ لَتُسْأَلُنَّ يَوْمَئِذٍ عَنِ النَّعِيمِ ⑨ ع ٢٧

Ahadith

Memorize the following ahadith with translation:

1. Poverty

2. False Oath

3. Poetry

11. Poverty	غربت
<i>Kadalfaqruiyayyakunakufran</i> Poverty may well turn to disbelief.	كَادَ الْفَقْرُ أَنْ يَكُونَ كُفْرًا قریب ہے کہ غریبی کفر بن جائے۔

15. False Oaths	جھوٹی قسمیں کھانا
<i>Alyaminul faajira tu tada'uddi</i> <i>Yara balaqi-a</i> False oaths can ruin (the prosperity of) homes.	الْيَمِينُ الْفَاجِرَةُ تَدْعُ الدِّيَارَ بِلَاقِعٍ جھوٹی قسمیں کھانا گھروں کے امن کو برباد کر سکتا ہے

16. Wisdom in Poetry	شعر و شاعری
<i>Inna minashi'ri lahikmatun wa inna mi</i> <i>nalbayaani lasihran</i> Some poetry can be full of wisdom and Some oratory can be mesmerizing.	إِنَّ مِنَ الشَّعْرِ لِحِكْمَةً وَإِنَّ مِنَ الْبَيَانِ لَسِحْرًا یقیناً اشعار حکمت اور دانائی سے پُر ہوتے ہیں اور بعض باتیں جادو کی طرح ہوتی ہیں

Attributes of Allah

Memorize following attributes of Allah:

الْحَفِیْظُ	<i>al-Hafeez</i>	The Guardian
الرَّقِیْبُ	<i>ar-Raqeeb</i>	The Watchful
الْمُجِیْبُ	<i>al-Mujeeb</i>	The Answerer (of prayers)
الْوَدُوْدُ	<i>al-Wadood</i>	The Loving
الْبَاعِثُ	<i>al-Baa`ith</i>	The Riser (of the dead)
الْوَكِیْلُ	<i>al-Wakeel</i>	The Guardian
الْقَوِیُّ	<i>al-Qawiyy</i>	The Powerful
الْمَجِیْدُ	<i>al-Majeed</i>	The Glorious
الْمَتِیْنُ	<i>al-Mateen</i>	The Strong
الْحَمِیْدُ	<i>al-Hameed</i>	The Praiseworthy
الْمُحْصِی	<i>al-Muhsee</i>	He who Keeps Count

Ettiquettes

Learn the ettiquettes of:

1. Conversation
2. Business Transactions

ETIQUETTES FOR CONVERSATION/DISCUSSION

- In the Holy Qur'ān, the Almighty enjoins us to: *"Speak to men kindly"* (2:84). In your conversation, be truthful and honest. There should be no twist in what you say.
- You must not exaggerate. Avoid absurd and obscene words in your conversations. Your conversation should be pure. It is mentioned in the Traditions that chaste and wholesome talk is also Ṣadqah and can help you to steer clear of Hell-fire.
- Avoid the evil of backbiting in your conversation. Avoid saying anything that might hurt the feelings of others.
- In your conversation, you must not lose your temper as it eradicates the ability to reason.
- Do not spread hearsay.
- Do not make it a habit to take the name of the Lord in vain.
- Make a habit of the frequent use of Islāmic terms, such as *Jazākamullāh*, *Insha'Allāh*, *Mash'Allāh*, *Alhamdolillāh*.
- Think about your words before you speak. If what you are to say is good, then say it, otherwise keep quiet.
- Plain and pure talk can help make you an heir to Paradise.



Ettiquettes

Learn the ettiquettes of:

1. Conversation

2. Business Transactions

ETIQUETTES OF BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS

- The Holy Qur'ān states: *“And give full measure when you measure, and weigh with a right balance that is best and most commendable in the end.”* (17:36)
- Business deals or transactions should be reduced to writing. It is incumbent upon the participants to keep such records safe.
- The Holy Qur'ān states: *“Woe unto those who give short measure; Those who, when they take by measure from other people, take it full; But when they give by measure to others or weigh to them, they give them less.”* (83:2-4)
- When receiving something, express your thanks by saying *Jazākamullāh*.
- Borrowed goods should be returned on time and in a condition that is at least as good as when these were received, if not better.
- Give with the spirit of service to mankind. Do not be patronizing.
- Do not be strict with someone who is unable to return a loan on time. Allow them an appropriate grace period.
- Do not overstate or oversell your goods; be straightforward and clear in your statements. Be sure to state any flaw in what you are trying to sell.
- Do not be lazy about returning a loan.
- The Holy Prophet^{sa} has stated that an honest tradesman will be in the company of the Prophets, the Righteous and Martyrs. Therefore, be truthful and honest in such matters and fully discharge your trusts.

Q&A

Q&A about Hadhrat Khalifatul Masih III

16. **For how long did third Khilāfat of Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh III, Ḥazrat Hafiz Şāhibzāda Mirzā Nāşir Aḥmad Şāhib^{rh} last?**
- It lasted for 17 years.
17. **On February 8, 1974, Ḥazrat Khalīfatul Masīh III, Ḥazrat Hafiz Şāhibzāda Mirzā Nāşir Aḥmad Şāhib^{rh} announced a scheme for the Centenary of Jamā‘at-e-Amadiyya which consisted of prayers. Explain the scheme.**
- Keep an optional fast until the end of the century
 - Offer two Nafal daily after Ṣuhr or between ‘Ishā’ and Fajr Ṣalāt
 - Recite Durūd and Istighfar at least 33 times.
 - Recite specific prayers at least 11 times on a daily basis.
 - Recite Surāh Fātiḥah at least 7 times a day.
18. **Explain the difference between the scheme of the Centenary of Jamā‘at-e-Aḥmadiyya which was presented by Ḥazrat Khalīfatul Masīh III, Ḥazrat Hafiz Şāhibzāda Mirzā Nāşir Aḥmad Şāhib^{rh} and the scheme of the Centenary of Khilāfat-e-Aḥmadiyya which was presented by Ḥazrat Khalīfatul Masīh V^{aa}?**
- The Promised Messiah^{as} established Jamā‘at-e-Aḥmadiyya on March 23, 1889.
 - Upon completion of 100 years, Ḥazrat Khalīfatul Masīh III^{rh} presented a program to celebrate the Century of Jamā‘at-e-Aḥmadiyya in 1989.
 - Khilāfat-e-Aḥmadiyya came into existence after the demise of the Promised Messiah^{as} on May 27, 1908. Therefore, Khilāfat reached its hundred years on May 27, 2008. To celebrate the Century of Khilāfat-e-Aḥmadiyya, Ḥazrat Khalīfatul Masīh V^{aa} presented a program called “Jubilee of Khilāfat-e-Aḥmadiyya.”

Q&A

Q&A about Hadhrat Khalifatul Masih IV

1. **What was the date of birth of Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh}?**
 - Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh} was born on December 18, 1928, in Qadian.
2. **What monumental event took place on Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh} birthday in the history of Qadian?**
 - It was the same day that the train service started in Qadian. It was a memorable day on Qadian and celebrated with enthusiasm.
3. **What was the name of Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV's, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh} father?**
 - Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad's^{rh} father was khalīfatul masīh al-thāni^(ra). His name is Hazrat Mirza Basheer-ud-Din Mahmood Ahmad^(ra).
4. **What was the name of Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad's^{rh} mother?**
 - Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad's^{rh} mother's name was Hazrat Sayyedah Maryam Begum Sahiba^{ra}. She was known as "Umme Tahir" in the Jamaat.
5. **What was Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad's^{rh} formal education?**
 - Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad's^{rh} completed education bachelor in Pakistan. He also studied for two years in London, England.
6. **Where did Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad's^{rh} study?**
 - Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad's^{rh} completed his matriculation from Talim-ul-Islam School Qadian, then did his intermediate (FSC) from Government College Lahore and then a private Bachelor (B.SC). He studied for two years in London, England.
7. **Where did Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh} get religious education?**
 - Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh} got admission in Jāmia Ahmaddiya Rabwah on December 7, 1949, and obtained the degree of "Shahid" in 1953.
8. **How old was Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh} at the time of migration from Qadian India to Pakistan?**
 - Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV rh was 19 years old when he migrates India to Pakistan.

Q&A

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Q&A

Q&A about Hadhrat Khalifatul Masih IV

9. **When Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh} appointed as Khalifa, which great Sahabi of Jammat at Ahmaddiya did he see in his Kashf(revelation/ divine inspiration)?**
 - Hardhat Chaudhary Zafaruallah Khan Sahib had a Kashf about Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV^{rh}.
10. **What was the first financial initiative announced by Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV, Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh} after he became Khalifa?**
 - On October 29, 1982, in his Friday Sermon at Majid Aqsa, Hazrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV^{rh} announced the scheme of “Bait ul Hamad.” This was the first financial initiative of his Khilafat in which he urged people to build homes for the poor and needy as gratitude for the inauguration of Masjid Basharat in Spain.